



Meeting Objective



Understanding the clinical, operational and financial benefits of adopting point-of-care programs for identifying, assessing and monitoring key chronic diseases.

Why Is Chronic-Disease Management Important?





21.1 millionAmericans diagnosed with diabetes.¹

21.1 million

Americans suffer

1.5 million heart attacks
and strokes each year.4

1.5 million



1995 2030 118 million 171 million

The number of people with chronic conditions is **increasing.**⁵



8.1 million Americans have undiagnosed diabetes (28% of diabetes is undiagnosed).²

8.1 million

Diabetes is the **leading** cause of kidney failure, accounting for **44%** of all new cases.²

44%



86 million Americans have prediabetes.¹ **86 million**

73 million people in the U.S. are at increased risk of CKD or ESRD (1 in 3 adults).³



73 million

- 1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) National Diabetes Fact Sheet, 2014
- 2. American Diabetes Association (ADA) Fast Fact Sheet (Data and Statistics about Diabetes), 2013
- 3. The American Kidney Association. The facts about CKD. 2013. Available at: www.kidney.org
- 4. http://millionhearts.hhs.gov/learn-prevent/cost-consequences.html²
- 5. Wu, Shin-Yi, and Green, Anthony. Projection of Chronic Illness Prevalence and Cost Inflation. RAND Corporation, October 2000

Why Is Chronic-Disease Management Relevant?



Top Causes of Chronic Disease According to WHO

Intermediate Main chronic Common risk factors diseases modifiable **Underlying** risk factors socioeconomic, Heart disease Elevated blood cultural, Unhealthy diet pressure political, and environmental Stroke **Physical inactivity** determinants Flevated blood glucose Tobacco use Cancer Globalization Abnormal Nonmodifiable Chronic blood lipids risk factors respiratory Urbanization diseases Age Overweight/ Aging obesity population Diabetes Heredity

Common causes are **modifiable** by patient action.

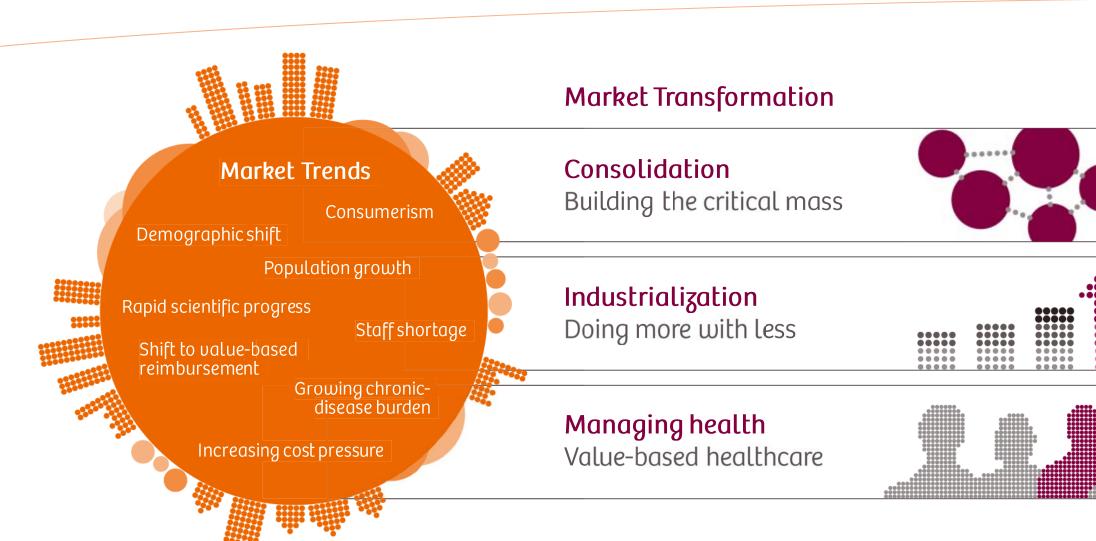
Chronic diseases are often **costly**, **preventable**, **and manageable**.



Eliminating these risk factors can prevent 80% of type 2 diabetes.

Meanwhile, the Healthcare Market Is Changing...





...Requiring Providers to Improve Outcomes While Decreasing Costs...



CLINICAL



Extend Clinical Capabilities



Improve Quality of Care



Standardize Care

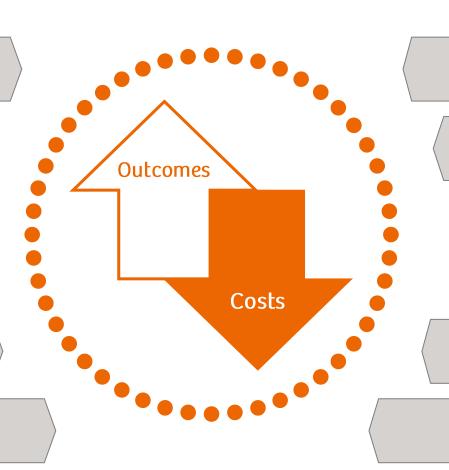
OPERATIONAL



Increase Efficiency



Attract, Retain, Develop Workforce



FINANCIAL

Manage Reputation



Improve Profitability



Stay Competitive



Reduce Risk and Act Compliant



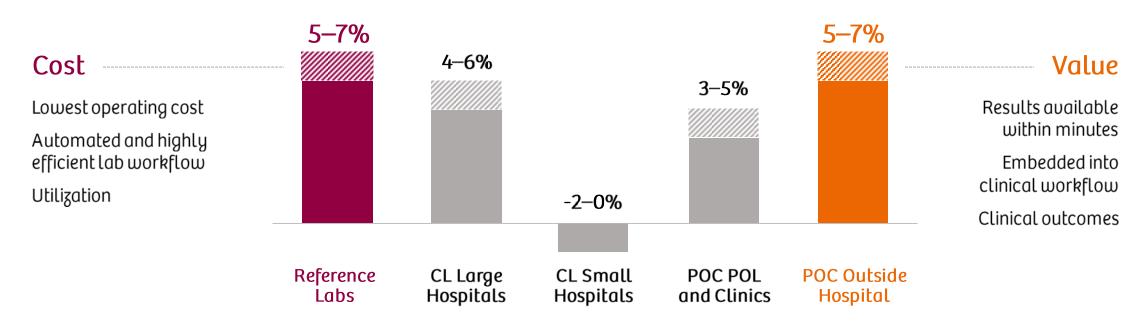
Balance Fix us. Variables



...Leading to the Growth of Point-of-care Testing: Efficiency versus Speed of Clinical Decision Making



Customers: Bifurcation of IVD Testing

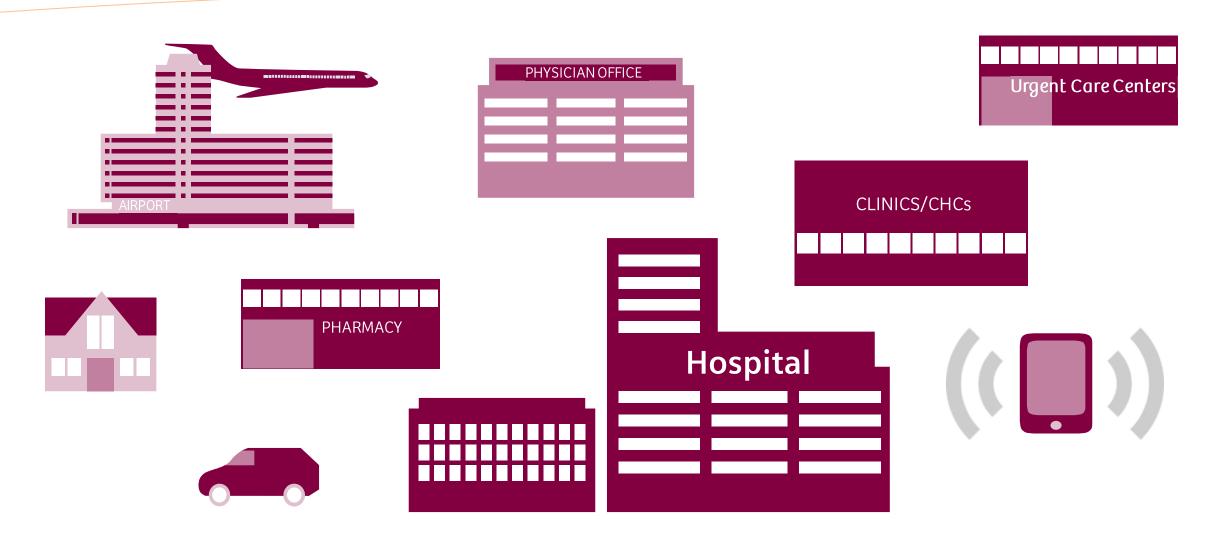


The outcomes achieved by the Siemens Healthineers customers described here were achieved in the customer's unique setting.

Since there is no typical hospital and many variables exist (e.g., hospital size, case mix, level of IT adoption), there can be no guarantee that others will achieve the same results.

Chronic Disease Testing Touchpoints Are Expanding Outside of Traditional Testing Sites





Value of Point of Care Testing: Timely Results to Improve Workflow and Patient Outcomes











Accurate and actionable information

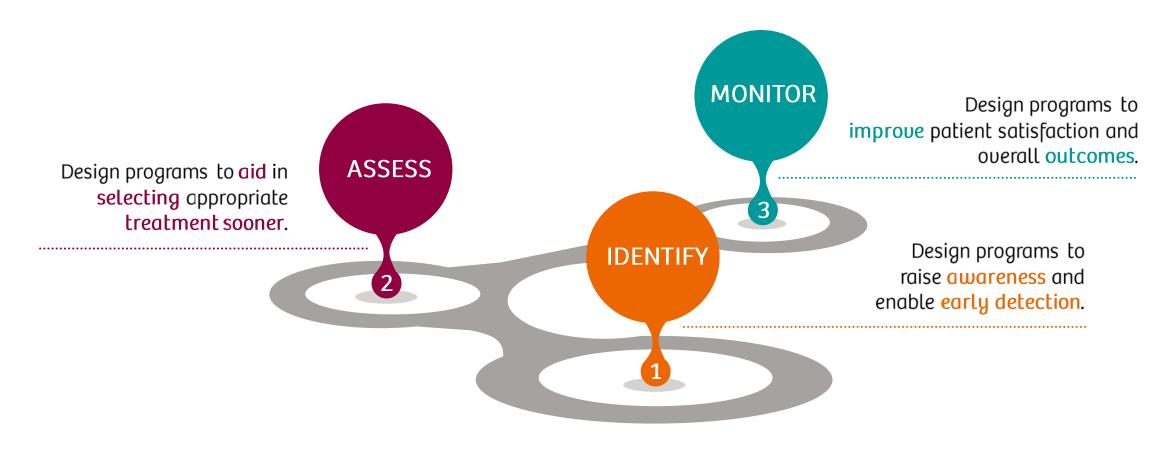
Results in minutes

Immediately assess and adjust treatment

Point-of-care Testing for Chronic Diseases Can Help Improve Patient Care and Decrease Healthcare

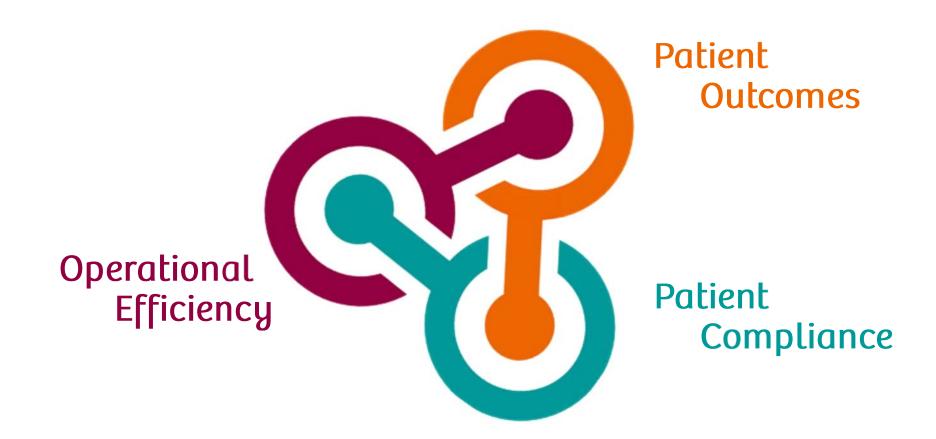


Costs



Value of Hemoglobin A1c Point-of-care Testing





What if you could have a long term impact on HbA1c levels?



University of Texas Medical Branch

Galueston, TX

"In this large, retrospective cross-sectional study, we have evidence that availability of POC A1C not only impacts the A1C in the short term (<1.5 years), but also in the longer term."

John R. Petersen, et al. *Diabetes Care* March 2007; (30)3:713-715



Profile:

UTMB, about 50 miles from Houston, is an academic health center with 11,000 employees and a medical school that is the oldest in Texas. In 2001, the University of Texas Medical Branch opened the Stark Diabetes Center to give specialized diabetes care.

Technology:

DCA Vantage® Analyzer for onsite HbA1c test

Clinical Value/Triple Win of Point of Care: HbA1c Testing Outside the Hospital

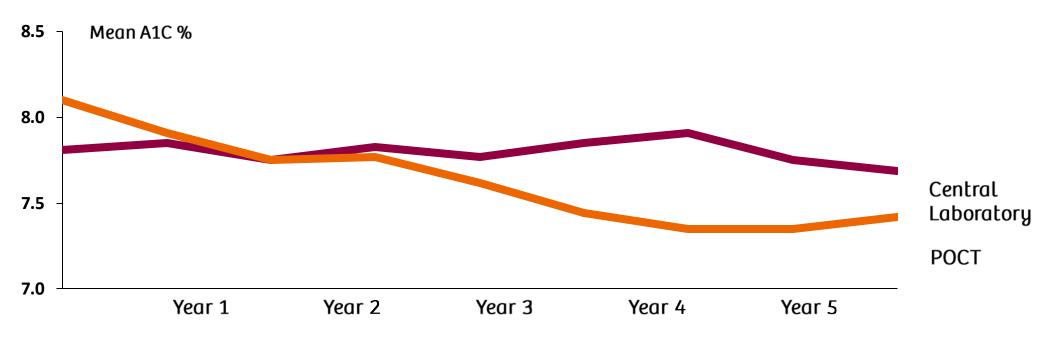




Improved Patient Outcomes

Near-patient testing reduces HbA1c levels more effectively.

A reduction in HbA1c can improve microvascular complications by as much as 25%!



Sources: 1. Petersen JR, et al. Effect of point-of-care on the maintenance of glycemic control as measured by A1c. Diabetes care. 2007 Mar;30(3):713-15. 2. Abdelhafiz and Sinclair. Low HbA1c and Increased Mortality Risk-is Fralilty a Confounding Factor? Aging Dis. 2015 Aug; 6(4): 262-270.

The outcomes achieved by Siemens Healthineers customers described herein were achieved in each customers unique setting. Since there is no "typical" hospital and many variables exist (e.g., hospital size, case mix, level of IT options) there can be no guarantee that others will achieve the same result.

Clinical Value/Triple Win of Point of Care: HbA1c Testing Outside the Hospital





Better Patient Compliance
Patient satisfaction goes up:

"Wonderful to have the results and directions for medications."

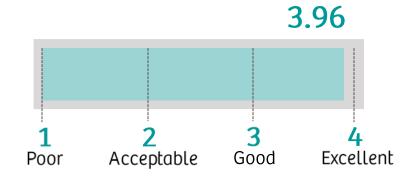
"100/100 satisfied about everything.

Well-done job, I will definitely

keep coming to get well."

"Nice to have results before end of visit."

"Thorough, sensitive,
I feel well cared for."



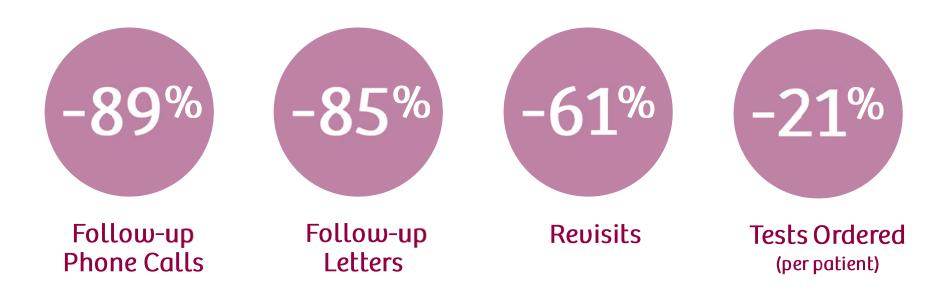
Source: Crocker, et al. Clinica Chimica Acta. 2013;424:8-11.

Clinical Value/Triple Win of Point of Care: HbA1c Testing Outside the Hospital





Improved Operational Efficiency Improves workflow and overall efficiency



Source: Crocker, et al. Am J Clin Pathol. 2014;142:640-646.

Deliver Comprehensive Diabetes Care Driving the HEDIS¹ Quality Measures





What are HEDIS Measures?

- National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCAQ) sets program to measure healthcare delivery effectiveness.
- Healthcare Effectiveness Information and DataSets defined called, HEDIS measures. There are xxx.
- Comprehensive Diabetes Care (CDC) is a program with HEDIS metrics reported annually be members.

Note: HEDIS guidelines list ACR or PCR as options for kidney checks

What if you could identify 45% of high risk individuals that needed follow-up care for diabetes and/or diabetic nephropathy?



Nuestra Clinica Del Valle (NCDV)

Rio Grande, TX

Featured at AACC 2016

"Armed with the Siemens POC tests, we brought diabetes testing and education to high risk individuals in a community location, the flea market. Following the 2016 ADA Standards of Medical Care, we identified that 45% of those tested in our pilot study needed medical follow-up for diabetes and diabetic nephropathy."

Dr. Brian Wickwire

Internal Medicine, Ph.D. Biochemistry







Profile:

Nuestra Clinica Del Valle (NCDV) is a community-health center with 11 clinics in 2 counties serving 30,000 patients (7,000 diabetics). Headquarters reside in San Juan, Texas.

Technology:

DCA Vantage® Analyzer

DCA® Hemoglobin A1c Test

CLINITEK Status® + Analyzer

CLINITEK® Microalbumin 2 Test Strip

What if POC diabetes solutions could help reach and empower patients to seek care and reduce %HbA1c by 5.0%?



Nuestra Clinica Del Valle (NCDV)

Rio Grande, TX

Challenge:

- Reach high risk and underserved population.
- Deliver education on diabetes and complications prevention.
- Have results available during visit to impact follow-up.

Outcome and Benefits:

- A flea market testing center offers HbA1c and Albumin-to-Creatinine Ratio (ACR) testing to identify pre-diabetes*, diabetes and kidney disease to encourage steps for follow-up care.
- DCA Vantage® HbA1c test identified that 45% needed follow up care.
- 50% of persons that went to healthcare center showed a reduction in %HbA1c of ~5.0% over 11 months.

The outcomes obtained by the Siemens customer described here were realized in the customer's unique setting. Since there is no typical laboratory, and many variables exist, there can be no guarantee that others will achieve the same results.

REPUTATION CLINICAL HbA1c >= 6.5%*24.80% HbA1c 5.7 - 6.4%* 54.60% HbA1c <= 5.4% 20.20% * Referred for follow-up care. Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) N = 498

^{*}DCA* HbA1c test kit 10698915 (an aid to diagnose diabetes and identify patients at risk for developing diabetes) is not available for sale in the U.S. Product availability varies by country.

What if a CLIA-waived urine test could help avoid \$250,000 per year in hemodialysis costs?



Nuestra Clinica Del Valle (NCDV)

Rio Grande, TX

"Through our pilot¹ with a simple CLIA-waived urine test, we identified 25% of diabetics at high risk of developing nephropathy in our community location, the flea market.

7.4% had severely increased albuminuria (ACR > 300 mg/g) and needed immediate medical follow-up. Early identification and treatment has the potential to avoid emergency hemodialysis which can cost more than \$250,000 per year²."

Dr. Brian Wickwire

Internal Medicine, Ph.D. Biochemistry

Normal UACR is defined as <30 mg/g Cr, and increased urinary albumin excretion is defined as > or = 30 mg/g Cr. Because of variability in urinary albumin excretion, two of three specimens of UACR collected within a 3- to 6-month period should be a bnormal before considering a patient to have albuminuria.

Sources: 1. POD2ER: Prevention and Organization against Diabetes Dialysis with Education and Resources: Murtuza, Mohammed M., et al. Poster. 2. Am Kidney Dis 55:181-191.

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Technology:

DCA Vantage® Analyzer

CLINITEK Status®+ Analyzer

CLINITEK® Microalbumin 2 Reagent Strips

What if you had a POC device that could identify 7.4% of patients who needed follow-up for severe diabetic nephropathy?



Nuestra Clinica Del Valle (NCDV)

Rio Grande, TX

Challenge:

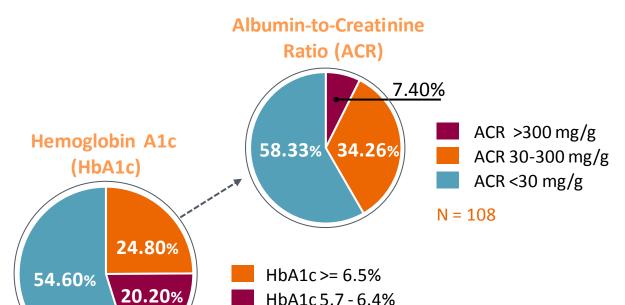
- Reach high risk and underserved population at risk of diabetes progressing to severe kidney disease.
- Deliver education on diabetes and kidney disease prevention.
- Have results available during visit to impact follow-up.

Outcome and Benefits:

- A flea market testing center offers Albumin-to-Creatinine Ratio (ACR) testing to patients with HbA1c levels above 6.5% for follow-up.
- Pilot testing identified 25% of patients at high risk of developing diabetic neuropathy.
- CLINITEK Microalbumin 2 urine strip identified that 7.4% needed follow up for severe diabetic nephropathy.







Normal UACR is defined as <30 mg/g Cr, and increased urinary albumin excretion is defined as > or = 30 mg/g Cr. Because of variability in urinary albumin excretion, two of three specimens of UACR collected within a 3- to 6-month period should be a bnormal before considering a patient to have albuminuria.

Maria Peluso-Lapsley | Chronic Disease Marketing

 $HbA1c \le 5.4\%$

N = 498

New Guidelines For Stroke Assessment



What Guidelines Mean to You

The **new cardiovascular prevention guidelines** were written based on years of scientific research to develop the best approaches to preventing heart disease and stroke—the leading causes of death in the world. Here's what you need to know about the guidelines, released Nov. 12 by the American Heart Association and American College of Cardiology:





IT ALL STARTS WITH AN

ASSESSMENT OF YOUR RISKS
PERFORMED BY YOUR
HEALTHCARE PROVIDER



DISCUSSIONS WITH YOUR
HEALTHCARE PROVIDER WILL
HELP YOU UNDERSTAND YOUR
RISKS AND OVERALL HEALTH



THOSE DISCUSSIONS DRIVE PERSONALIZED TREATMENT FOR EACH PATIENT.

The guidelines help healthcare providers provide the best treatment focused on four important areas:

ASSESSMENT OF RISK

(for heart disease, stroke and other cardiovascular diseases.)

- Calculators used to assess your personal risk set stage for discussions with healthcare provider
- Risks for African-Americans specified for the first time
- Stroke risks included for the first time

OBESITY

- 1. Team-based treatment
- Weight-loss strategies based on body mass index
- 3. Diet, exercise still best bets



CHOLESTEROL

- Overall health status and risks guide treatment
- "Bad cholesterol number" no longer main factor guiding treatment
- Decisions for drug treatment based on discussions with healthcare provider



LIFESTYLE

- 1, 40 minutes of exercise 3-4 days a week
- 2. Eat lots of fruit, veggies
- Most Americans should reduce sodium intake



For more information, please visit Heart.org

LEHIGH VALLEY HOSPITAL

Stroke Risk Scorecard

Each box that applies to you equals 1 point. Total your score at the bottom of each column and compare with the stroke risk levels at the bottom of page.



RISK FACTOR	HIGH RISK	CAUTION	LOW RISK
Blood Pressure	■ >140/90 or unknown	120-139/80-89	■ <120/80
Atrial Fibrillation	■ Irregular heartbeat	■ I don't know	Regular heartbeat
Smoking	■ Smoker	Trying to quit	■ Nonsmoker
Cholesterol	■ >240 or unknown	■ 200-239	■ <200
Diabetes	■ Yes	■ Borderline	■ No
Exercise	■ Couch potato	■ Some exercise	■ Regular exercise
Diet	■ Overweight	■ Slightly overweight	■ Healthy weight
Stroke in Family	■ Yes	■ Not sure	■ No
Total Score	High risk	Caution	Low risk

High Risk ≥ 3 Ask about stroke prevention right away.

Caution 4-6 A good start. Work on reducing risk.

Low Risk 6-8 You're doing very well at controlling stroke risk!

Lehigh Valley
Health Network

Robust Point of Care Testing Shown to Improve Patient Management and Satisfaction



DCA Vantage



DIABETES/KIDNEY DISEASE HbA1c and ACR1

- POC HbA1c testing offers benefits for patients who experience barriers to traveling to physician sites for repeated follow-ups visits¹
- Immediate feedback of HbA1c levels improves glycemic control in type 1 and type 2 diabetic patients²
- Improve 3 out of 4 HEDIS measures to assess the quality of diabetes management

CLINITEK Family



KIDNEY DISEASE/HYPERTENSION ACR, PCR, and Other Key UA Tests

- Early screening can prevent or delay the progression of kidney disease³
- POC UTI screening outside of hospitals can reduce penalties from hospital re-admissions due to UTI
- Early screening to detect conditions causing and/or exacerbating high blood pressure can help evaluate the risk of cardiovascular disease

Xprecia Stride



STROKE/CVD/ANTICOAGULATION PT/INR

- A systematic approach to anticoagulation management, focused at the point of care, can increase the time patients are in range and reduce the risk of adverse events⁴
- Adopting POC PT/INR monitoring lowers costs for managing patients on oral warfarin therapy, increase overall revenue, and improve patient satisfaction⁴

Sources: 1) Khunti K, Stone MA, Burden AC, et al. Br J Gen Pract 2006

2) Cagliero E, Levina EV, Nathan DM.. Diabetes Care 1999

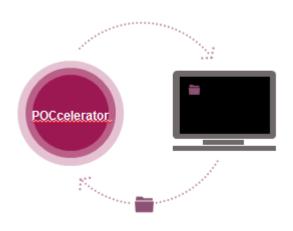
3) Bo Feldt-Rasmussen. *Diabetes Voice*, 2003 4) Tim Huston. *Medical Laboratory Observer*, 2009

Siemens Healthineers POC IT Suite of Solutions: Aid in Keeping POC Testing Process In Control









Dozens of **sites, hundreds of** Siemens **devices** and **thousands** of **operators** all controlled with the **RAPIDComm** Data Management System.

Seamlessly transmit data from analyzers to EMR with **RELAYMED** a subscription-based cloud solution.*

Open data-management middleware solution, **POCcelerator** connects devices from **multiple** manufacturers.

^{*} Designed to connect physician offices with other EHR systems, including Epic, Allscripts, eClinicalWorks, NEXTGEN, GE Healthcare, Centricity, Greenway Health, and Athena Health

Attributes of a Solid Point-of-Care Solution





Trust Our Chronic Disease Portfolio to Make EVERY Visit Count





Thank You!



Maria Peluso-Lapsley, MBA

Sr. Product Marketing Manager, POC Chronic Disease

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